

Amendments to the Claims:

Claims 1-20 (Cancelled)

21. (Previously Presented) A webbing take-up device comprising:

a take-up shaft around which a webbing for restraining a passenger is wound such that the webbing can be taken up and pulled out;

a motor; and

a clutch that is mechanically intervened between the motor and the take-up shaft, transmits the rotation of the motor to the take-up shaft to cause the take-up shaft to rotate in the webbing take-up direction, and cuts off the transmission of rotation arising at the take-up shaft side to prevent that rotation from being transmitted to the motor,

wherein the clutch includes

a case,

a rotating body that is disposed coaxially with respect to the take-up shaft and rotates as a result of the rotation of the motor being transmitted to the rotating body,

a ratchet that is integrally coupled to the take-up shaft,

sliders that are configured to be relatively movable within a predetermined range with respect to the rotating body as a result of being retained in the case by frictional force, and

lock bars that are disposed on the rotating body, are always biased in a direction in which the lock bars engage with the ratchet, and are ordinarily retained by the sliders in positions where the lock bars are disengaged from the ratchet, and when the rotating body rotates in the webbing take-up direction, the lock bars move away from the sliders such that the retention is released, engage with the ratchet by the biasing force, transmit to the ratchet the rotation of the rotating body in the webbing take-up direction, and allow the relative rotation of the ratchet with respect to the rotating body in the webbing take-up direction, and when the rotating body rotates in the webbing pullout direction, the lock bars move toward the sliders and are moved to and retained in the disengaged positions by the sliders.

22. (Previously Presented) The webbing take-up device of claim 21, wherein the rotating body includes

a gear wheel that rotates as a result of the rotation of the motor being transmitted to the gear wheel,

a rotor that supports the lock bars, and

spring pawls that are disposed between the gear wheel and the rotor, couple both to each other, and transmit the rotation of the gear wheel to the motor, and when a load equal to or greater than a predetermined value acts on the rotor, the spring pawls cut off the transmission of rotation between the gear wheel and the rotor by the load to enable both to relatively idle.

23. (Previously Presented) The webbing take-up device of claim 21, wherein the sliders are configured to relatively move within a predetermined range with respect to the rotating body when the rotating body rotates in the webbing take-up direction, such that the lock bars that rotate integrally with the rotating body separate from the sliders.

24. (Previously Presented) The webbing take-up device of claim 23, wherein the lock bars are configured to engage with the ratchet by moving away from the sliders.

25. (Previously Presented) The webbing take-up device of claim 23, wherein the lock bars are configured to disengage from the ratchet when a load that causes the ratchet to relatively rotate with respect to the rotating body in the webbing take-up direction is applied to the ratchet.

26. (Previously Presented) The webbing take-up device of claim 23, wherein the sliders are configured to relatively move within a predetermined range with respect to the rotating body when the rotating body rotates in the webbing pullout direction, such that the lock bars that rotate integrally with the rotating body reengage with the sliders.

27. (Previously Presented) The webbing take-up device of claim 26, wherein the lock bars are configured such that they are retained in the positions where the lock bars are disengaged from the ratchet by reengaging with the sliders.

28. (Previously Presented) The webbing take-up device of claim 21, wherein at least one of the sliders and the lock bars include retention portions that cause predetermined drag to arise with respect to the movement of the sliders away from the lock bars when the rotating body is stopped.

29. (Previously Presented) The webbing take-up device of claim 28, wherein the sliders and the lock bars are configured to mesh and engage with each other a predetermined dimension with respect to the radial direction of the rotating body, and the engagement portions of the sliders and the lock bars are the retention portions.

30-33. (Cancelled)